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2012

THE PRINCE ALFRED HOSPITAL

very must assume that such and such is his meaning in order to confute him; and to every postulate he the safe answer, "I never said so," though to dispassionate observers he has clearly intimated it. He has said, "I am a viridius acute personage," "I do not enjoin, I mede quare it is not my duty," "I do not," "He who holds his peace when he speaks up loudly he might give important evidence, virtually as false witness. He shirks a moral responsibility to save himself harmless."

But, above all, the silence too often indulged in by the majority in their own families exercises a most baneful influence over those under their control. Children suffer intensely from this sort of household cubus. Just cast upon this puzzling world picking their little steps blindly and timidly among its thorny

the next meeting. This would soon do
subscribers have any positive wish o
for there are will

hand always held out ready for
 to resist an arm, and encourage,
 warm, or to rebuke. In their ignorance,
 raising thoughts—enows, amidst temptations which
 they do not even know are to be resisted, they
 out of the eye, and are being aware
 it; and then the poor little culprit,
 finding pulled back with tender care, or with
 tenderness, as may be, suddenly find themselves re-
 ceiving a look as much as cold displeasure, they
 Now not shy. Young children, who
 to a glance of the eye or a tone of the voice as
 they. They feel instinctively that they are in dis-
 grace, though unconscious of guilt, and dare not even
 as an angry word, even a blow, does less harm than
 the art and temper of most children than this blighting
 and thrown over the more here, in spite of occa-
 sional, and, in fact, to prevail. The
 victim of this indirect tyranny is left a heart and
 of nerve, he will shake off the unpleasant impres-

ing a servant may have access to the c
ant as he may require.

and "keep never-minding" till he has hardened himself into insensibility; if he be timid, tender, and sensitive, his misanthropic principle will be more or less of those characters, he will become close, cowardly, and deceitful. Finding he is not understood, and getting with no sympathy, he will cease to look for it in his home, and as he grows up will be always distant and uncommunicative with his parents and natural friends. Fathers are especially liable to these respects. Whether from weakness, from a dislike to converse, and a sense of inability to put a check on their temper, or from mere selfish indolence, they frequently neglect to tell their children good or in the wrong way, without effort to affect to be just, and without any effort to instruct and control, or to train them to behave as fathers that other

home from morning till evening, it was
from satisfying the cravings of appeti-

In the ordinary every-day commerce of life there is no question which is the most popular and pleasant; the man who according to another wise man "keeps silence unless he has something to say" is better than silence," or he who, having something to say, says it cheerily and lightly without

age of all the well-wishers of this re-

He thought about himself, as one throws a shuttlecock as a challenge to the game. Johnson cannot be accused of being an idle and frivolous chatterer; he has often severe upon twaddlers in general; yet throughout his biography we find him upholding all well-meant attempts at sociability and censuring the idle reserve common between strangers. When he well remarked disparagingly upon Edwards, he answered: "Yet I would rat her have him with me as a more sensible man who will not talk readily. This man is always willing to say what he has to say." "Six" would be

TEMES, — Balmain, since it has been a

"Sir, shut me again," "two meth or any other
tion you are shown into a room together at a house
where they are both visitors will immediately find
some conversation. But two Englishmen will prob-
ably go each to a different window and remain in
estimate silence. Sir, we do not as yet enough un-
derstand the common rights of humanity." Half this
civility arises from mere vanity. A man does not
speak (he tells you) because he can say nothing to a
total stranger except a platitude. Well, what then?
Platitudes are the staple of common conversation, the
neutral ground on which everybody may meet on an

could receive more than three times the
could have to pay, by the improvement of

uality. It is made a standing reproach to us English that we always begin by talking of the weather; but it would be difficult to hit upon a safer topic as a gate through which to pass to more interesting subjects. One cannot plunge at once into disquisitions on light and heat, the last discovery in anaesthetics or ethnology, fossil man or arrow-baded characters. Even the latest fashion in headresses, or the state of the odds for the next Derby, interest only a small section of society, while the weather affects everybody more or less, and the transition is easy once to anything else that may arise. Silence is

surface drains (for barrel drains, not be a means of clearing them would be

mony is no proof of intellectual superiority, but of self-concentration, and a want of what Cæcilia calls totality, of a mind that moves slowly and fitly, and cannot turn at once to the subject that lies uppermost, unless it has previously occupied its thoughts. Archbishop Whately speaks with regret of his own deficiency in curiosity—of his having a relish for ordinary that which consists in the unproportional gratification of that passion, and consequently for the company of a great part of the world. He has little to say that has anything but novelty to

is true that by the Municipal Act
with justice be laid by the Municipi

ment it." "From the want of this quality," he says, "I believe I lose more amusement and suffer more inconvenience than if I was indifferent to many unified and excellent subjects of inquiry in which I might be interested."

In the days when parties of men sat down regularly for a drinking bout, he who did not drink fair, who turned his turn of the bottle, or left "heelateps," was accounted as a skulker and a bad companion, and only so. A sober man is better than a sot, but he is no right to intrude his superiority upon a company of drinkers to mortify, ridicule, or subjugate them.

known and incontrovertible fact that we
from fevers, and lately had several dom

have Scripture warrant for indignation at such conduct. He should withdraw himself. In like case a man who sits in silent self-sufficiency, listening and criticising the idle chat of a mixed company, is no business there. Let him keep to himself, or if he does join the common herd let him remember that to cultivate kindness is a valuable part of the business of life."—*Pall Mall Gazette*.

main, Gentlemen, yours most obediently
JOHN ROSS

man living in Brescia was brought to bed of a male child, which, in accordance with the practice universally prevalent in many parts of Italy, was immediately after its birth entrusted to the care of a nurse in a village at some distance from the city. About three months afterwards the father took a trip to the country, "to see how his boy was getting on." The Boy cried the peasant woman, in amangement, "Inquiries," "What boy? It was a girl, sir, if you remember, and here she is, bless her little heart." "What have you done with my boy?" answered me, or I will throttle you." Reduced to this

ved, the silence so praised by moralists of insipid nature, by strophed

But the woman was fain to confess that, with the view of earning a double fee, she had deposited the babe in the turning-box at the Pounding Hospital, and presented herself at that institution on the following day, in the hope of getting her little charge back again. Greatly, however, to her disappointment, another child, and that a girl, was awarded to her. Her stricken, the father rushed to the foundling-house. "On such a day," said he, "at such an hour, a male child was received at this institution; where is it?" "Not one," was the reply, "but two, as you will see on comparison. Their names and track place, meet at the

Whenever speech is silver, that is, w

moment, and the two were registered together." And were there no distinguishing marks?" "None whatever." The father was dumfounded for awhile, but ultimately, being a philosopher and a man of sense, he reasoned in the following fashion:—"If I take one and leave the other, I shall be all my life tormented by distracting doubts; I will therefore take both the little innocents and bring them up, secure at least that one of the two is my own child." The nurse in prison awaiting her trial.

DEFOET HERALDIC MOTTOES.—Many heraldic

of being implicated in anything unp
ake it no business of his." who "

otions have a religious or devotional origin or mean-
 ing. Such are the following, borne by some living
 of note:—"A cruce salus" (Salvation from the
 cross), the Right Hon. the Earl of Mayo, M.P.;
 "Spes mea in Deo" ("My hope is in God), Sir B. L.
 Guinness, M.P.; "Christi crux est mea lux" (The
 cross of Christ is my light), the Right Hon. Sir Staf-
 ford Northcote, M.P.; "Deus prosperat ius et
 Deus prosperat iustitiam" (God prospers the just),
 Sir W. Heathcote, M.P.; "In te, Domine, speravi"
 (In thee, O Lord, I have
 placed my hope), Colonel W. Meller, M.P.; "Omnia
 in te spero" (In thee, O Lord, I have placed my
 hope), Sir F.

hardly be exaggerated. Words once
be recalled, however heartily

SINGULAR BATTLE.—Two ducks, in a field near Thomas Town, Merthyr, deposited two eggs on the grass, and were waggling off with the customary shake of the tail which closes such proceedings, when a rook flew down and began to inspect the deposit. This the ducks objected to, and, more suspicious than the other, ran at the black

It may be surly, or sullen, or scornful; it may be insolent and sneering.

gentleman and tried, viciously, to pinch him. The peck hopped off, but took good care not to leave the neighbourhood of the eggs, which a peck of his bill assured him was very savoury. So every now and then there was a rush of the duck, a hop of the peck, then a peck of the rook at the forbidden luxury, another rush, and so on, duck occasionally coming in for a peck herself until both eggs were demolished.

(Morning Star, April 7.)

It is not done. (Observer.)

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS

or, taking an average of the three periods, about 7,650,000 quarters per annum in round numbers.

The story ran through all the departments, and duly

Every day the mansion seemed as if imploring all respectable passers-by to take pity upon its deplorable

TEARS

walking erect, and with head high, whilst a female figure, representing Liberty, points to him with gra-

(From the Saturday Review.)

time. Meanwhile the *Semains Financiers* has also appeared with a new direction. The

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INTERCOLONIAL NEWS

MERCANTILE AND MONEY MATTERS.

The Upper House was undoubtedly in
unanimous opinion on the policy of the grant.

Brandy	...	...	£136	4	8
Gin	...	...	97	1	10
Liqueurs, cordials, or strong waters	...	...	1	17	6
Rum	...	...	183	10	0
All other spirits	...	...	34	0	0
Wine	...	...	75	3	0
Ale, porter, and beer (in wood)	...	...	0	1	3
Tobacco and snuff	...	...	19	0	0
Cigars	...	...	21	18	0
Tea	...	...	13	16	4
Dried Fruits	...	...	137	2	1
Pistach	...	...	29	9	0
All valuers	...	...	232	1	9
Total	...	...	£1029	14	10

The following cargoes cleared at London and

intended as a reward but as a *compensation*.

yet to arrive, besides those before reported:—
 Marquee of Argyle, March 10: Plain cottons, £3381
 coloured duto, £438; printed duto, £247; woollens and
 worsted, £1440; flannels, £762; linen, £1835; cotton and
 woollens, £3563; millinery, £490; haberdashery, £1947
 apparel, £2636; carpets and rugs, £12; hats, £12;
 boots, £10; light bathes, £110; waterproof
 goods, £388; saddlery, £170; baize, £26; books, £238
 paper, £163; stationery, £4621; upholstery, £155; brush
 ware, £68; turnery, £23; plated goods, £61; pianos, £117
 foreign musical instruments, 4 cases; clocks and watches
 £780; corks, 3040 lbs; acids, 1 package; gunpowder, 30
 cwt; saws, £135; Brazils, 2 cwt; hardwares, £2267; bar
 iron, £82; iron plates, 82 tons; copper, 2 tons; tin
 plates, 6 tons; shot, 8 tons; copper, 2 tons; tin
 plates, 48 tons; nails, 16 tons; zinc, 2 tons

it evolved, though it did produce a
the Ministry adhered to their propo-

1471; rosin, 458 cwt.; flint glass, 2,779; window glass,
49; earthenware, £263; glass bottles, 496; tins, 2,389
woodparks, 2,138; cornicks, 2,883; canvas, 11,003; agricultural
cultural implements, 11,114; hardware, 547; iron
tools, 1,199; tin, 119; soap, 1,199; candles, 1,199;
gallons, British spirits, 1,446 gallons; perfume,
dual, 2 gallons; red wine, 480 gallons; beer
in bulk, 332 barrels; oilmen's stores, 253; vinegar, 74
gallons; salad oil, 320 gallons; claret, 40 cwt.; soft
crystals, 5 tone; carb. soda, 86 cwt.; candles, 323 cwt.
spice, 1 cwt.; perfumery, 173; canary soda, 15 cart.
quadrant, 100 lbs.; sugar, 100 lbs.; canary
soda, 20 cwt. Total declared value, \$14,456.

Alexander Duthie, March 28: Plain cottons, £220;
coloured ditto, £1112; printed ditto, £973; woollens and
worsteds, £981; flannels, 960; linen, £1227; cotton and

from his Excellency recommending
taken, and the remainder of the

[illegible]

Misses Fellows, two little girls, one five and one three years of age.

[illegible]

available in 1867 for church building
use of the Constitution Act, was £10

Fino; slates, 27 tons; tobacco, 336 lbs.; brandy, 692 gallons; wine, 80 cases; British spirit, 300 gallons; red wine, 1440 gallons; champagne, 1440 gallons; beer in bulk, 2530 barrels; ditto in glass, 282 barrels; oil, 510 barrels; men's straw, 21658; vinegar, 6273 gallons; white sugar, 200 casks; brown sugar, 108 casks; coffee, 30 cwt.; chocolate, 30 cask, 27 tons current, 598 casks; rice, 550 casks; wheat, 300 casks. Total value disbursements, £41,557.

Melbourne advices are to the 25th instants as follows:

Thursday's *Argus* reports as to the markets:-
In the import market today no real slightness appeared in the quantities offered, but there was some slackening in the demand, which has been of little account. In breadstuffs the demand for flour was somewhat better than yesterday, but it was not sufficient to result in less sales, for though buyers have not sent their cheques, they will be forthcoming tomorrow. The miller who had been willing to operate, the price offered (£20 lb) failed to draw or sell more than 100 bushels, and he has now withdrawn from the market. Macdonnell having changed hands to land, on terms with the Government, the sale of wool was postponed till Friday next.

and sundries, amount to £2862 7

on rather better terms. Supplies of maize, which are abundant in what have, and small sales are in consequence readily effected at 10, though for quantities over 100 it would not be obtained. The demand for wheat is not so strong, the increased porting of the grain from the United States, and the fact that the Government of the Brazilian State's cause, some 2000 bags of wheat, are being demanded ready buyers at an advance of over 30c on the sale price. The demand for the Edith Smith's's cause is advertised for the purpose of the sale of the grain, and the demand being limited to supplying the more immediate wants of the trade. Sales of fine rattle congoos are mentioned as being made, and we heard of a parcel of Denis Munroe's brand being having been disposed of at about 10c on the sale price. The demand for the South Australian Register of the 18th of the month, and full contents 1892, general, for which there has been a considerable deal of inquiry, though without as yet leading to any business.

day-school teachers number 1428, of whom 850 females; and the average a

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

T. DAWSON.—At the Homebush Yards, at half-past 9 o'clock, Fat Sheep; at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at half-past 3 o'clock, Fat Sheep.

G. M. PITT.—At Ellis and Co.'s, at 11 o'clock, Fat Sheep and Cattle.

W. FULLAGRAH.—At his Yards, at 11 o'clock, Fat Sheep and Cattle.

RULLIVAN and FINDALE.—At the Homebush Yards, at half-past 9 o'clock, Fat Cattle.

LISTER and SON.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Unredressed

yard of Kinsella's seat, and deliberately pistol in front of him. The self-pro-

Buggy, and Harness; at his Mart, at half-past 10 o'clock.
Household Furniture and Supplies.
ERADY, NEWCOMB & CO.—At his Mart, at 11 o'clock, Harness, Buggy, and Harness; at his Mart, at half-past 10 o'clock, Hobart Town Shingles.
C. TEARLE.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, New Millinery, new Bonnets, Ribbons, Trimmings, &c.
R. PETERSON.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Waterproof Boots, &c.
A. ALCO, Office Furniture and Fittings.
J. U. TOHEN.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Kerosene Oil, Liver Oil, &c.
R. F. STURGES AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Kerosene Oil, Woodburring, Mill Belting, Sheet Lead, &c.
BURT AND CO.—At their Mart, at 11 o'clock, Harness, Vehicle, and Harness.
S. WOOLLER.—At his Mart, at 11 o'clock, Harness, Vehicles, and Harness.
MEADOWCROFT AND CO.—At their Mart, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, and a variety of Sundries.
A. MOORE AND CO.—At their Mart, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, and a variety of Sundries.

tempted murder. He is personally

ACCIDENT.—A serious accident happened on Thursday at the Lambton coal pits, by which a man of the name of Gaskell, and his wife, lost their lives. The cause of the misfortune, *The Newcastle Times* says, the accident was caused by a large piece of ore falling upon the head. Mr. Kirk, the newly appointed medical man, was promptly in attendance and set the broken limb, but great fears are entertained that amputation will be necessary.

that it was during the process of editing that the mistake was made, and the book

fested towards me by the residents of Mudgegon, and I assure
 you of my former visit, is not diminished; and I assure
 you it would afford me much pleasure to renew my
 acquaintance with your interesting town and district, and
 the friends I have the pleasure of knowing. I have no settled
 own inclinations. At the present time, I have no settled
 intention of leaving Sydney, where I am likely to be con-
 tained by the daily pressure of official duties, many of which
 are of a nature which would render it difficult for me to be
 absent for several successive days. Thanking you and your
 fellow residents for the compliment you have paid me, I
 remain, dear sir, yours, faithfully, HENRY PARKES,
 Henry Tebbutt, Esq., Mayor.

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I have been

have been collected and grouped under half-a-dozen different heads, each division embracing the experience of practical men on that particular division of the inquiry. "Thus the results will be brought together in a compact form, all the various kinds of soil on which disease have developed." The chairman truly observes:—"This portion of the appendix cannot fail to prove useful in supplying trustworthy and comprehensive data, both for scientific and practical research on the part of all who have inclination and opportunity to persevere in the study of this all important study." We will now state three facts which almost all the re-

1. That the rust was noticed about the time that the wheat came into ear, in the form of small red spots on the flag, gradually extending to the stalk, and from thence to the ear.
2. That warm showery weather favoured the disease, and.

3. That manured and highly cultivated lands have this year suffered more.

The Council of the Victoria Board of Agriculture has determined to extend the time for receiving entries for reaping and binding machines in competition for the £100 prize, until the 1st December, 1968. The Board appears to be besieged by a number of people for prizes or remuneration of some sort for having introduced "new industries." Thus, a lady claimed something as the pioneer of sericulture in Victoria, and a potter for the making, we suppose, of draining tiles.

Most of our private communications speak of rain, so that we may hope that the long looked-for relief will have come to those whose operations have been sadly delayed. The sheep shows in August will suffer, we fear. For instance, Mr. Bayly, of Mudgee, writes:—"We have had a shockingly bad season, but have just been blessed with about twelve hours' gentle rain, just sufficient to give the grass a stir, and enable us to put in some wheat, although the rain has scarcely penetrated much more than three inches. We have not had so much rain for at least two months." A Singleton correspondent says:—"We have had a fine rain, and the herbage is springing nicely. Barley crops are flourishing, but I do not see much wheat in."

FOOT-ROT IN SHEEP.

THE following is a "prize report," by Mr. Hugh Borthwick, of Middleshead, Selkirk, published in the Transactions of the Highland and Agricultural Society of Scotland. The writer thus introduces his subject:—

"Foot-rot is a disease prevailing to a greater or less extent over most of the pastoral districts of Scotland. On hill pasture it is always confined to what is termed soft or grassy land. On hard heathy pasture it is never known to exist. On crable land it appears on young grass, if very rich and luxuriant; but upon rich old pastures and lawns the disease prevails to a great extent. This fact is particularly applicable to a gentleman's home farm, where the parks have been long in the habit of being overgrazed by deer, and the land being in better heart, as it is termed, and generally mown, from being lighter stocked, and managed by hand."

It is strange to find a highly cultivated, and surrounded with great plantations, a country where the soil is so luxuriantly, and are of a soft water nature. We do not know of a more fruitful nursery for the propagation of foot-rot than in some gentlemen's approaches, thickly planted with trees. Foot-rot is always confined to the foot, and does not spread fast; if properly treated, still there is no disease to his property, and he is able to continue to breed, and so annoying to stock and the stock-farmer, if allowed to establish itself throughout a flock. Emascination and poverty are the natural consequences, causing a great loss to the owner. It is one of the most essential points in breeding, and it is very difficult to prevent, but if foot-rot is allowed to establish itself throughout a flock, this is impossible, let them be ever so liberally fed.

"Symptoms.—The first indication of the disease is a certain degree of lameness in one or sometimes more of the feet; generally the feet are most liable to be affected, and the lameness is usually confined to one of the animals are not treated or removed to other pastures. Ultimately they become totally unable to put the affected foot on the ground, and are obliged to limp on the sound to skin and bone, and presenting a very disgusting spectacle. It is not easy to say what part of the foot is most liable to be first affected; but there is a difference of opinion on this point. Some are of opinion that the hoof is the most liable part, and that the disease is generally confined to sheep two years old and upwards, and does not attack lambs. Others are of opinion that the sole of the hoof is the most liable part, and that the disease attacks lambs; we have seen both flocks seriously affected in the latter case. Upon this point, after the disease has been incited in the first stage of the disease and examined, by the aid of the microscope, the following facts are ascertained:—The hoof is unusually hot, and generally a little enlarged. The crust or horn along the outside of the foot and near the toe is found either to lap over the sole, or part of it to be torn away, and the appearance of the sole is such in which particles of earth or filth are accumulated; consequently inflammation ensues and progresses rapidly, and the hoof becomes very hot, and which separates from the hoof more and more, discharging a watery matter emitting a strong smell; and by degrees the foot becomes

a total mass of ulcers and proud flesh. In other cases the disease breaks out in the inside of the toe, and progresses towards the hoof, and in some instances the disease sometimes the heel is first affected. In periods where the pasture is soft and green, the disease assumes the same appearance in old sheep as upon hill-pasture; but in hogs and lambs it generally commences between the hoofs, near the heel, the crust or horn being comparatively sound. In these cases the disease is so situated that it is not in the earlier stage of the disease, the skin presents a red and tender appearance, and has much the same aspect as what is termed "red" in the young child. As the disease advances, the flesh becomes puffed, and a thick adhesive matter accumulates by degrees, until it extends round the hoof, and beneath the horn till the whole is raised up, and is allowed to run its course for a length of time, a cure is seldom effected till the whole crust is taken off on the side

of the foot affected. In such cases, if the disease is not checked and energetically treated, it spreads rapidly through a flock of lambs; and very often the whole four feet are affected.

"Cotes."—It is evident to the practical stockman that the cause of foot-rot in sheep is attributable to the soil and pasture. For example, we have never known a case occur on the hard mountainous districts of Peeblesshire, Belkirkshire, or Agglethorpe; but on very soft grassy land in every county there are districts which are found to be prone to a great extent to the disease. The grass in the pastoral regions of Roxburghshire and Dumfriesshire; and even on some rich pastoral farms Peeblesshire it exists to a greater or less extent; whereas upon hard, heathery farms, lying contiguous, it is unknown, although the sheep are daily shorn and the pastures are well managed and in consequence the disease is not so prevalent.

1982 was noted for its prevalence. In no former year do we remember it having been so general, breaking out, as it did, on some farms where it was never known to exist before. Again, some persons of personal acquaintance have told me that it always occurred in a dry season, and, in support of this theory, they point to the fact that diseased sheep are always more lame on a dry day. There is, no doubt, some truth in the statement; but it can easily be accounted for on a common-sense view of the cause. When the feet are diseased and tender, the lameness it causes is more noticeable when the ground is moist and soft. This, however, is only a temporary relief: the pain is augmented, but the disease is aggravated. This fact may easily be ascertained by any one who practically comes in contact with foot-rot. A lot of sheep affected with this disease, for example, will run on a dry day. Should rain descend upon them, they will all be lame, and the lameness will be more general. This is not a new discovery.

• Food-crops are generally most prevalent in the months of May, July, August, September, and October—in fact, it may be said that practically all crops are available as a certain degree of abundance and variety during the year. The crops of the year are not so much a result of the weather as of the soil and the season. No variety of weather will materially retard the growth of the crops. No variety of weather will materially retard the growth of the crops. No variety of weather will materially retard the growth of the crops.

It is interesting to say what breed of sheep is most liable to foot-rot; but it is clear that both Cheviot and blackfaced, taken from hill pasture and put in parks in the back-end of the year, are equally liable to the disease. The Cheviots, however, are far more susceptible to it than park-bred Leicester or the same pasture and exposed to the same circumstances. I have never seen any Cheviot or blackfaced ewe, taken from hill-pasture totally free of the disease, and put into grass-parks; and in the course of the season, without any special treatment, they are all cured, and although Leicester were had been grazing in the same parks all summer, they were not so liable to the disease, and they were cured by the same means. I have seen many cures. Nevertheless, although Cheviot and blackfaced sheep are more liable to foot-rot of a certain kind than Leicesters, when it takes out below the crown or crust, it is equally liable to the same kind of foot-rot in all other breeds—that is, when the maledy breaks out between the hoofs, and when the skin in the first stage

[illegible]

Since the old report was written, I have known prisoners, owing to the use of the plague, keeping shops in courts and cellars, for the purpose of converting their straw into manure, and thus obtaining a supply of the article, which was an insufficient supply of litter, for the feet of the cattle, which were not standing being steeped in urine like mules. I have also known prisoners, who were confined in the cell, at 10 hogges into courts, when in a short time the cattle were then suffering severely from foot-rot, which was the case with them, and from which some continued to suffer till after their death. I have also known prisoners, Mr. Mitchell to give the courts another trial, offering a premium against foot-rot, if allowed sufficient litter, and if the courts were not to be allowed to have straw, and was allowed space in proportion. They were placed in the courts in November, where they remained till April, when they were considered ample litter, and during all that time there was no complaint of foot-rot, which was cured on the first treatment.

BONDED STOCKS.						
Week ending 26th June, 1948.						
Description.	Stock on hand 11th June.	Received into Stock.	Delivered for Consumption.	Delivered for Exportation.	Stock on hand 26th June.	
Sum—West India. gals.	17,925	6,616	1,813	186	22,542	
East India	321	—	—	—	321	
Foreign	4,084	—	103	—	4,061	
All other Spirits	4,403	—	15	24	4,359	

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

Soap—41 per lb. extra, from 50 to 15 lbs each.
 Soap—50 to 60 lbs per box; 100 to 150 lbs each.
 Soap—15 to 20 lbs per box; 25 to 40 lbs each.
 Soap—10 to 15 lbs per box; 20 to 30 lbs each.
 Soap—5 to 10 lbs per box; 10 to 20 lbs each.
 Soap—2 to 5 lbs per box; 5 to 10 lbs each.
 Soap—1 to 2 lbs per box; 2 to 5 lbs each.
 Soap—1/2 to 1 lb per box; 1 to 2 lbs each.
 Soap—1/4 to 1/2 lb per box; 1/2 to 1 lb each.
 Soap—1/8 to 1/4 lb per box; 1/4 to 1/2 lb each.
 Soap—1/16 to 1/8 lb per box; 1/8 to 1/4 lb each.
 Soap—1/32 to 1/16 lb per box; 1/16 to 1/8 lb each.
 Soap—1/64 to 1/32 lb per box; 1/32 to 1/16 lb each.
 Soap—1/128 to 1/64 lb per box; 1/64 to 1/32 lb each.
 Soap—1/256 to 1/128 lb per box; 1/128 to 1/64 lb each.
 Soap—1/512 to 1/256 lb per box; 1/256 to 1/128 lb each.
 Soap—1/1024 to 1/512 lb per box; 1/512 to 1/256 lb each.
 Soap—1/2048 to 1/1024 lb per box; 1/1024 to 1/512 lb each.
 Soap—1/4096 to 1/2048 lb per box; 1/2048 to 1/1024 lb each.
 Soap—1/8192 to 1/4096 lb per box; 1/4096 to 1/2048 lb each.
 Soap—1/16384 to 1/8192 lb per box; 1/8192 to 1/4096 lb each.
 Soap—1/32768 to 1/16384 lb per box; 1/16384 to 1/8192 lb each.
 Soap—1/65536 to 1/32768 lb per box; 1/32768 to 1/16384 lb each.
 Soap—1/131072 to 1/65536 lb per box; 1/65536 to 1/32768 lb each.
 Soap—1/262144 to 1/131072 lb per box; 1/131072 to 1/65536 lb each.
 Soap—1/524288 to 1/262144 lb per box; 1/262144 to 1/131072 lb each.
 Soap—1/1048576 to 1/524288 lb per box; 1/524288 to 1/262144 lb each.
 Soap—1/2097152 to 1/1048576 lb per box; 1/1048576 to 1/524288 lb each.
 Soap—1/4194304 to 1/2097152 lb per box; 1/2097152 to 1/1048576 lb each.
 Soap—1/8388608 to 1/4194304 lb per box; 1/4194304 to 1/2097152 lb each.
 Soap—1/16777216 to 1/8388608 lb per box; 1/8388608 to 1/4194304 lb each.
 Soap—1/33554432 to 1/16777216 lb per box; 1/16777216 to 1/8388608 lb each.
 Soap—1/67108864 to 1/33554432 lb per box; 1/33554432 to 1/16777216 lb each.
 Soap—1/134217728 to 1/67108864 lb per box; 1/67108864 to 1/33554432 lb each.
 Soap—1/268435456 to 1/134217728 lb per box; 1/134217728 to 1/67108864 lb each.
 Soap—1/536870912 to 1/268435456 lb per box; 1/268435456 to 1/134217728 lb each.
 Soap—1/1073741824 to 1/536870912 lb per box; 1/536870912 to 1/268435456 lb each.
 Soap—1/2147483648 to 1/1073741824 lb per box; 1/1073741824 to 1/536870912 lb each.
 Soap—1/4294967296 to 1/2147483648 lb per box; 1/2147483648 to 1/1073741824 lb each.
 Soap—1/8589934592 to 1/4294967296 lb per box; 1/4294967296 to 1/2147483648 lb each.
 Soap—1/17179869184 to 1/8589934592 lb per box; 1/8589934592 to 1/4294967296 lb each.
 Soap—1/34359738368 to 1/17179869184 lb per box; 1/17179869184 to 1/8589934592 lb each.
 Soap—1/68719476736 to 1/34359738368 lb per box; 1/34359738368 to 1/17179869184 lb each.
 Soap—1/137438953472 to 1/68719476736 lb per box; 1/68719476736 to 1/34359738368 lb each.
 Soap—1/274877906944 to 1/137438953472 lb per box; 1/137438953472 to 1/68719476736 lb each.
 Soap—1/549755813888 to 1/274877906944 lb per box; 1/274877906944 to 1/137438953472 lb each.
 Soap—1/1099511627776 to 1/549755813888 lb per box; 1/549755813888 to 1/274877906944 lb each.
 Soap—1/2199023255552 to 1/1099511627776 lb per box; 1/1099511627776 to 1/549755813888 lb each.
 Soap—1/4398046511104 to 1/2199023255552 lb per box; 1/2199023255552 to 1/1099511627776 lb each.
 Soap—1/8796093022208 to 1/4398046511104 lb per box; 1/4398046511104 to 1/2199023255552 lb each.
 Soap—1/17592186044416 to 1/8796093022208 lb per box; 1/8796093022208 to 1/4398046511104 lb each.
 Soap—1/35184372088832 to 1/17592186044416 lb per box; 1/17592186044416 to 1/8796093022208 lb each.
 Soap—1/70368744177664 to 1/35184372088832 lb per box; 1/35184372088832 to 1/17592186044416 lb each.
 Soap—1/140737488355328 to 1/70368744177664 lb per box; 1/70368744177664 to 1/35184372088832 lb each.
 Soap—1/281474976710656 to 1/140737488355328 lb per box; 1/140737488355328 to 1/70368744177664 lb each.
 Soap—1/562949953421312 to 1/281474976710656 lb per box; 1/281474976710656 to 1/140737488355328 lb each.
 Soap—1/1125899906842624 to 1/562949953421312 lb per box; 1/562949953421312 to 1/281474976710656 lb each.
 Soap—1/2251799813685248 to 1/1125899906842624 lb per box; 1/1125899906842624 to 1/562949953421312 lb each.
 Soap—1/4503599627370496 to 1/2251799813685248 lb per box; 1/2251799813685248 to 1/1125899906842624 lb each.
 Soap—1/9007199254740992 to 1/4503599627370496 lb per box; 1/4503599627370496 to 1/2251799813685248 lb each.
 Soap—1/18014398509481984 to 1/9007199254740992 lb per box; 1/9007199254740992 to 1/4503599627370496 lb each.
 Soap—1/36028797018963968 to 1/18014398509481984 lb per box; 1/18014398509481984 to 1/9007199254740992 lb each.
 Soap—1/72057594037927936 to 1/36028797018963968 lb per box; 1/36028797018963968 to 1/18014398509481984 lb each.
 Soap—1/144115188075855872 to 1/72057594037927936 lb per box; 1/72057594037927936 to 1/36028797018963968 lb each.
 Soap—1/288230376151711744 to 1/144115188075855872 lb per box; 1/144115188075855872 to 1/72057594037927936 lb each.
 Soap—1/576460752303423488 to 1/288230376151711744 lb per box; 1/288230376151711744 to 1/144115188075855872 lb each.
 Soap—1/1152921504606846976 to 1/576460752303423488 lb per box; 1/576460752303423488 to 1/288230376151711744 lb each.
 Soap—1/2305843009213693952 to 1/1152921504606846976 lb per box; 1/1152921504606846976 to 1/576460752303423488 lb each.
 Soap—1/461168

PAISLEY SHAWLS! PAISLEY SHAWLS!
Read Paisley Shawls,
at the price of Printed Cashmere goods.

GEORGE CHISHOLM and CO.,
306, George-street,
having made a most advantageous purchase of a large
quantity of Real Paisley Square and Long SHAWLS, in
close consignments, are now offering to the public, at
ONE GUINEA
for
Elegant Square Shawls,
and
TWO POUNDS SEVEN AND SIXPENCE
for
Magnificent Long Shawls,
and the above are well worthy the attention of ladies, every
shawl being of the finest quality, finely wrought pattern, and
far below actual value.

GEORGE CHISHOLM and CO.,
306, George-street,
next door to the General Post Office.

**N. W. MILLINERY, MANTLE, AND SHOW
ROOMS.**

GEORGE CHISHOLM and CO.,
306, George-street,
having completed the enlargement and decorations of their
show rooms, beg to announce that they have RE-
OPENED them with a **VERY LARGE and CHOICE** Stock of
STOCK of MILLINERY, MANTLES, and SHOW

CLOTHING of the newest and latest FASHIONS, and UNDER-WEAR, which they now offer, confidently asserting that they can supply the public with the most ELEGANT and DURABLE VARIETY of CHEAP and DURABLE by any house in the Australian colonies.

GEORGE CHISHOLM and CO.
would direct the particular attention of ladies to the
UNDERCLOTHING DEPARTMENT,
which we have supplied with every article requisite for the use of the LADIES, CHILDREN, and INFANTS, and in order to meet the rapidly increasing demand for this description of goods at their establishment, G. C. and CO., have secured the services of a competent person in Sydney to superintend the workrooms, and they have made every other arrangement to facilitate the execution of orders.

They are also enabled to supply OUTFITS of
UNDERCLOTHING for the use of the
TROUSERS, or FAMILY MOURNING orders at a

NEW HOURS' NOTICE.

GEORGE CHISHOLM and CO.,
390, George-street,
Next door to the General Post Office,
ONE THOUSAND
JAPANESE PRESSES,
On SALE, at
5s 11d
THE FULL DRESS.
GEORGE CHISHOLM and CO.,
390, GEORGE-STREET.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The PARTNERSHIP carried on for the last nine years
between **MICHAEL FAHEY**, of the city of New York.

United States of America, and FRANCIS FAHEY, of the city of Sydney, as General DRAPERS and SILK MERCHANTS, the said firm of FAHEY and CO., which was DISSOLVED, by the effecting of which, on the first day of June, 1908, And, in order to close the Partnership, the ENHIRE STOCK of DRAPERY at the MEXICAN AUCTION ROOM, in Sydney, is now offered at almost fabulous prices, regardless of cost.

I, I respectfully return thanks for the liberal share of patronage which has been bestowed upon this sale.

We also wish to inform the public that this said sale of material will continue for some time, as we find it impossible to effect a partnership in so short a time. We also remind all persons of opportunity to settle their bills by the 30th of July, if possible.

We may also remark that, having received a large lot of goods of every description, offer for sale to the public during this week, sooner than all goods at auction.

The Stock chiefly consists of the following goods:-

- Black plaine silks at 2d, 3d, 5d, 6d, 8d, 9d, 10d, to 1s per yard
- Fancy striped and checked silks at 35s, 40s, 45s, 50s, and 60s
- 60s Full dress, of 12 yards
- 40 different shades in plain plaine silks at 3d, 4d, 5d, 6d, 8d, 9d

64, and 65 per yard
Black and white striped shaggs, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, and 19, worth double the money.
Paisley long and square shawls, shirazers' checked shawls, black and white, worth 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000, 1002, 1004, 1006, 1008, 1010, 1012, 1014, 1016, 1018, 1020, 1022, 1024, 1026, 1028, 1030, 1032, 1034, 1036, 1038, 1040, 1042, 1044, 1046, 1048, 1050, 1052, 1054, 1056, 1058, 1060, 1062, 1064, 1066, 1068, 1070, 1072, 1074, 1076, 1078, 1080, 1082, 1084, 1086, 1088, 1090, 1092, 1094, 1096, 1098, 1100, 1102, 1104, 1106, 1108, 1110, 1112, 1114, 1116, 1118, 1120, 1122, 1124, 1126, 1128, 1130, 1132, 1134, 1136, 1138, 1140, 1142, 1144, 1146, 1148, 1150, 1152, 1154, 1156, 1158, 1160, 1162, 1164, 1166, 1168, 1170, 1172, 1174, 1176, 1178, 1180, 1182, 1184, 1186, 1188, 1190, 1192, 1194, 1196, 1198, 1200, 1202, 1204, 1206, 1208, 1210, 1212, 1214, 1216, 1218, 1220, 1222, 1224, 1226, 1228, 1230, 1232, 1234, 1236, 1238, 1240, 1242, 1244, 1246, 1248, 1250, 1252, 1254, 1256, 1258, 1260, 1262, 1264, 1266, 1268, 1270, 1272, 1274, 1276, 1278, 1280, 1282, 1284, 1286, 1288, 1290, 1292, 1294, 1296, 1298, 1300, 1302, 1304, 1306, 1308, 1310, 1312, 1314, 1316, 1318, 1320, 1322, 1324, 1326, 1328, 1330, 1332, 1334, 1336, 1338, 1340, 1342, 1344, 1346, 1348, 1350, 1352, 1354, 1356, 1358, 1360, 1362, 1364, 1366, 1368, 1370, 1372, 1374, 1376, 1378, 1380, 1382, 1384, 1386, 1388, 1390, 1392, 1394, 1396, 1398, 1400, 1402, 1404, 1406, 1408, 1410, 1412, 1414, 1416, 1418, 1420, 1422, 1424, 1426, 1428, 1430, 1432, 1434, 1436, 1438, 1440, 1442, 1444, 1446, 1448, 1450, 1452, 1454, 1456, 1458, 1460, 1462, 1464, 1466, 1468, 1470, 1472, 1474, 1476, 1478, 1480, 1482, 1484, 1486, 1488, 1490, 1492, 1494, 1496, 1498, 1500, 1502, 1504, 1506, 1508, 1510, 1512, 1514, 1516, 1518, 1520, 1522, 1524, 1526, 1

Black charges from 9½d to 1s 9d per yard
Black French merinos and Pannatins cloth from half-price
40 pieces of shirtings from 1s per yard to 2s, cost no double the price
10,000 yards black mantle cloth, double width; 3s 9d per yard. Best colonial tweed 4s per yard; also,
Australan, from 3s 9d to 7s 6d per yard.

MANCHESTER DEPARTMENT.
400 pieces Horrocks' long cloth, at 5½d per yard.
Also, grey all-wool cloth, at 3½d per yard.
18,000 yards grey all-wool cloth, at 3½d per yard.
Guilts, dressings, Gennels, crimson shirting, table-linen, slate shirting, window curtains, round hollandes, far more than English value.
9 tables of best linen cloth, 2s to 4½s per pair.

FANCY DEPARTMENT.
Stays, stockings, umbrellas, parasols, gloves, trimmings, &c., all at very low prices.
Hosiery, children's woollen comforts, mantle trimmings for cloth and velvet, along with several other articles too numerous to mention.

MEXICAN HOUSE,
106, King-street, Sydney.

J. WETHAKILL'S REDUCED PRICES.
Colon cotton cloth, 1s 11d, 2s 11d
Mergoito net, 8½d, 9½d
8-4 cut linen, 1s 3d
Ladies' collar, 1s 11d
Good cotton tick, 6½d
Superior counterpane, 6s 9d
Cotton cloth, 1s 11d
G.S. well longcloth, 4s 6d
Good prairie, reduced to 4s 6d
Good longcloth, reduced 4s 6d
Ladies' collar, 1s 11d
Ladies' underclothing, 1s 11d
Ladies' collars, 1s 11d
Ladies' collars, 1s 11d

Children and cuffs, 41d Scarf handkerchiefs, 16 1/2d
Woolenings, 48d Astrachan cloth, 10 1/2d
Thompson's cover of shirts, 3 1/2d

THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE COLONY FOR FASHIONABLE AND FIRST-CLASS CLOTHING to Order, is the
MARKET CLOTH HALL
AND
PRACTICAL TAILOR ESTABLISHMENT.
Tread Bells to the measure, well shrink and well made, 18s
Black Cloth or dark Trowsers, to measure, fit unsuivalled, and workmanship guaranteed, 30s
Tread Bells to the measure, guaranteed well shrink and well made, 25 1/2s
Black Cloth Bells to measure, fit and workmanship guaranteed to order, 25 1/2s

The largest and most magnificent stock of Woollens in the colony is selected from
Tread Bells to the measure, supplied with cut lengths or by the piece, at wholesale prices.

MARKET CLOTH HALL,
454, George Street,
Opposite Fruit Market, and Haymarket.

READY MONEY—ITS ADVANTAGES—
W. HOWES, Tailor, having just received some of the most beautiful and superior styles of blue broad-cloth, enables the public to an inspection of the same, and also begs to assure gentlemen requiring a better or dress cloth, that they will find no more satisfactory place than his.

MADE TO ORDER, they will find W. Howes charges

LITTLE more than one-half the price (**FOR CASH**) generally given on where credit is asked for. Goods are sold at the lowest prices of the colony, on application, with directions for self-measurement.

Note the address—
W. HOWES, Tailor and Habit Maker,
89, King-street.
Between George and Pitt streets.

HORSEHAIR MATTRESSES best quality on SALE.
Also
Fibre
Flax.

Mattresses remade. **W. REASON, 7, Bridge-street.**

MATTRESSES and Pillows, Horsehair, Wool Fibre and Flax Mattresses. J. LAWRIE, 516, Pitt-street.

MATTRESSES CLEANED and Re-made by steam. J. LAWLER, 305, Pitt-street, near St. Raphael's street.

WILCOX AND GIBBS'S FAMILY SEWING-MACHINE. No. 21, Pitt-street.

This machine will do all kinds of work from the finest muslin to a Brussels carpet. It will hem, knit, braud, cord, &c., &c. See advertisement in another column.

D. B. HEBBLEWHITE, 452, George-street.

W F. THOMAS AND CO.'S PATENT SEWING MACHINE. The celebrated No. 5 Machine, unequalled for general purposes. Price £10. Catalogue free. W. F. THOMAS and Co., 1, Chancery-lane, and Regent-street, London.

These machines may be had or ordered of Messrs. ULLIOTHORPE, 74, Little Colindale-st, Marylebone.

PAISLEY SHAWLS, PAISLEY SHAWLS!
Real Paisley Shawls,
at the price of Printed Cashmere goods.

GEORGE CHISHOLM and CO.,
390, George-street,
having made a most advantageous purchase of a large
quantity of Real Paisley Square and Long SHAWLS, in
close consignments, are now offering to the public, at
ONE GUINÉE
for
Elegant Square Shawls,
and
TWO POUNDS SEVEN AND SIXPENCE
for
Magnificent Long Shawls,
such as the French Exhibition goods, so much and so
deservingly admired.

The above are well worthy the attention of ladies, every
shawl being of New London, finely wrought texture, and
far below actual value.

GEORGE CHISHOLM and CO.,
390, George-street,
next door to the General Post Office.

**NEW. MILLINERY, MANTLE, and SHOW
ROOMS.**

GEORGE CHISHOLM and CO.,
390, George-street,
having completed the enlargement and decorations of their
show rooms, beg to announce that they have **RE-
OPENED** them with **VERY LARGE and CHOICE**
STOCK of MILLINERY, and

NEW DRESS NOTICE.

GEORGE CHISHOLM and CO.,
390, George-street,
Next door to the General Post Office.

O N E T H O U S A N D
JAPANESE PRESSES,
On SALE, at
5s 11d

THE FULL DRESS.
GEORGE CHISHOLM and CO.,
390, GEORGE-STREET.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The Partnership carried on for the last nine years
between MICHAEL FAHEY, of the city of New York.

6d, and 6c per yard
Black cloth, black shawls, 8c, 9c, 10c, 12c, 14c, 16c,
and 18c, worth double the money
Faisley long and square shawls, shepherds' checked shawls,
black shawls, at 7c, 8c, 9c, 11c and 12c
Children's black and white muslin dresses, all sizes 7
black silk velvet mantles and poplin jackets at 45c,
50c, 55c, 60c each, worth fully double the money
White muslin at 35c and 40c per yard
Black silk mantles and jackets at 15c, 18c, and 20c each
White and coloured aprons for half-price.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.
10,000 yards broad muslin at 43d, worth 94d, per yard
6000 ditto fancy muslin at 47d, worth 94d, per yard
3700 ditto checked muslin at 61d per yard, worth 94d
7500 ditto of American checks at 1s 4d per yard, worth 2s
2500 ditto of American checks at 1s 4d per yard, worth 2s
1000 ditto of American checks at 1s 4d per yard, worth 2s
merinoes, lustres, poplins, tabinettes, delaines, alpines,
and lustrings.
12,000 yards French merinos, at 1s 6d per yard, value for
3s 6d
40 pieces of black alpines at 71s, 74s, 11d, 12d, 14d, 16d,
and 18d

Dollars and cents. 41 1/2
Woolenings. 43
Thompson's covered shirts, 35 1/2
Society Hamlin, 15 1/2
Atreous cloth, 40

THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE COLONY FOR FASHIONABLE AND FIRST-CLASS CLOTHING
In order, is the

MARKET CLOTH HALL

PRACTICAL TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.
Two to four pieces of all the shirtings and wool made, 18
Black Cloth or doe Trowsers, to measure, at unvarnished, and
workmanship guaranteed, 20
Two to four pieces of guaranteed well shirred and wool
made, 22 1/2
Black Cloth Suits to measure, fit and workmanship guara-
nteed, 25 1/2

The largest and most magnificent stock of Woollens in
the colony to select from.

Goods to the public supplied with cut lengths or by the
piece, at wholesale prices.

MARKET CLOTH HALL,
684, Georgetown,
Opposite Fort Market,
not Hyman's.

READY MONEY—THE ADVERTISER—
BY W. BOWEN, Tailor, having just received
a large stock of all the latest fashions in
clothing, solicits the public on a inspection of the same, and
also begs to assure gentlemen requiring a brook or dress
coat or suit of the best quality and other garments
MADE TO ORDER, they will find W. Bowen charged

little more than one-half the price (FOR CASH) generally held on where credit is stretched. The price given, either sent by post or by the colony, on application, with directions for self-measurement.

☞ Note the address: **W. HOWES Tailor and Habit Maker, 88, King-street.**
Between George and Pitt streets.

HORSEHAIR MATTRESSES best quality on SALE.
Also, Fibre
Fibre
Flax.

Mattresses remade. **W. REASON, 7, Bridge-street.**

MATTRESSES and Pillows, Mattresses, West Fibre and Flax Mattresses. **J. LAWRIE, 216, Pitt-street.**

MATTRESSES CLEANED and Re-made by steam. **J. LAWRIE, 216, Pitt-street, near Backgate-street.**

WILCOX and GIBBS'S FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.
This machine will do all kinds of work, from the finest muslin to a HUSBAND'S shirt. It will hem, bind, coat, cut, and make all kinds of garments, and is the best sold. **B. B. HENNELWHITE, 522, George-street.**

W. F. THOMAS and CO.'S PATENT SEWING MACHINES.—The celebrated No. 3 Machines, complete for garments. **W. F. THOMAS**, 45, Market-street, Melbourne (look sketch) 55s. 6d., 55s. 6d., and 55s. Cheapside free. **W. F. THOMAS and CO.**, 1 and 5, Cheapside, and Regent Company, 10, Regent-street, London.

These machines may have had or ordered of Messrs. VILLIERS, 74, Little Collins-street, Melbourne.

N.B.—The above property, being personally known to the auctioneer, can be confidently recommended by him as a first-class investment for parties desirous of securing into pastoral pursuits; and being situated about 100 miles from Mudgee and 60 miles from Dubbo, there is also a convenient market for stock therefrom.

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